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| |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | What's new from Cochrane Neonatal    September 2018 | | |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | https://gallery.mailchimp.com/234c869138e62bc49d96d140a/images/e5fcc944-c9ea-429f-bdfe-bfd7bc9c4159.png | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | New Cochrane Neonatal Staff | | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | https://gallery.mailchimp.com/234c869138e62bc49d96d140a/images/a3cd4bd7-780d-457b-aab8-13d38f88ec63.jpg | | The change of seasons are bringing with them some changes in our staff at Cochrane Neonatal.  First, we will be saying a goodbye and thank you to Jenn Dodge (Spano), who has been helping many of you with your literature searches and offering other supports to you as you write your protocols and reviews. Jenn will certainly be missed.  We have decided to restructure our team in response to our new funding scheme. We will be welcoming two new, part-time members to our staff. Caitlin O’Connell will be joining us as the assistant Managing Editor. Caitlin has a background in health care, quality improvement and data analysis. She is currently working on her Masters of Public Health at the University of Vermont. Caitlin will be assisting both the Managing Editor and the Information Specialist, as such she will be the new point person for general queries.  Carol Friesen will be joining us as the Information Specialist. Carol is a Medical Librarian and has been working for the last two years as a Metadata Specialist on the Cochrane Linked Data project. Since Carol will also be working with us part-time, she will be designing searches for high priority reviews and peer reviewing searches for reviews not categorized as high priority.  What do these changes mean for authors? Who to contact and when?  For new titles and editorial questions, contact Managing Editor, Colleen Ovelman, [colleen.ovelman@uvm.edu](mailto:colleen.ovelman@uvm.edu).  For general author support and queries about literature searches, contact Caitlin, [cdoconne@uvm.edu](mailto:cdoconne@uvm.edu) (searches will be performed by Carol Friesen based upon editorial priorities). | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **New Cochrane Neonatal Editor** | | |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | [https://gallery.mailchimp.com/234c869138e62bc49d96d140a/images/4445cf93-fb80-4e3f-b271-bbee3feca929.jpg](https://public.vtoxford.org/) |  |  | | --- | | We are pleased to welcome Charles Okwundu as the newest member of the Cochrane Neonatal Editorial Team. Charles works at the Center for Evidence-Based Health Care in the Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences at Stellenbosch University, Cape Town, South Africa. | | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **New Title Submission Process** | | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | As our funding model has changed, our capacity for the creation of new titles has also changed. We will now be batching title requests and considering these with our full editorial staff quarterly. Our next new title review will take place in October 2018. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **New Dissemination Strategies** | | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | As we explore ways to best disseminate the evidence in our Cochrane Neonatal reviews, we have been working with the Cochrane Knowledge Translation team. The team has created a [dissemination brief](https://gallery.mailchimp.com/234c869138e62bc49d96d140a/files/7cb4b693-541d-4d3b-9914-2cbb6a285fc7/Dissemination_brief_template_June_2018.docx). We’d like our authors to fill out a brief when their new review or review update publishes to help us better disseminate your work. | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **Upcoming Webinar: DTA Reviews** | | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews in Neonatal Medicine** October 22, 2018 12:00 pm Eastern Daylight Time (New York, GMT-04:00)  We will discuss how to interpret evidence from DTA reviews and the implications for clinical practice. Specifically, we will consider as an example the recently published Cochrane Neonatal DTA review of “Molecular assays for the diagnosis of sepsis in neonates.”  The session will be presented by Cochrane Neonatal DTA Editor, Gautham Suresh and Mohan Pammi, lead review author and Cochrane Neonatal Associate Editor.  CME credits are available for those who attend.  [Click here to register](https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/XJDWK25). | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **Cochrane Neonatal Editors and Authors Meeting at the Edinburgh Colloquium** | | | |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | If you are attending the upcoming Cochrane Colloquium, please join us for an informal lunch meeting on Sunday 16 September from 13:00 to 13:45. Sign-ups are available on the [Colloquium website](https://colloquium.cochrane.org/). | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **Priority Updates for 2019** | | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | Cochrane Neonatal has a three-pronged approach to prioritization: impact, available new evidence, and clinical need.  Our editorial board met in June 2018 in Toronto. The board, consisting of 20 international researchers and clinicians, took part in a Delphi process to prioritize review updates for the coming year. The following reviews have been identified as priorities:   * Probiotics for prevention of necrotizing enterocolitis in preterm infants (2014) * Prophylactic versus selective use of surfactant in preventing morbidity and mortality in preterm infants (2012) * Cooling for newborns with hypoxic ischaemic encephalopathy (2013) * Elective high frequency oscillatory ventilation versus conventional ventilation for acute pulmonary dysfunction in preterm infants  (2015) * Air versus oxygen for resuscitation of infants at birth (2005) * Anticonvulsants for neonates with seizures (replaced by Anti-epileptic therapy to reduce mortality and neuro-developmental disability in neonates with seizures) (2004) * Nasal continuous positive airway pressure immediately after extubation for preventing morbidity in preterm infants (2008) * Ibuprofen for the prevention of patent ductus arteriosus in preterm and/or low birth weight infants (2011) * Prophylactic intravenous indomethacin for preventing mortality and morbidity in preterm infants (2010) * High flow nasal cannula for respiratory support in preterm infants (2016) | |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | **New Publications: Reviews and Review Updates** | | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | |  | | --- | | We have been busy since our last newsletter was sent! See below for the many new and updated reviews published this year.  **New Reviews**   * [Beta-blockers for prevention and treatment of retinopathy of prematurity in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011893.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=treatment&highlightAbstract=blocker&highlightAbstract=prematurity&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=retinopathi&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=prematur&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=retinopathy&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=blockers&highlightAbstract=beta&highlightAbstract=prevention) * [Cerebral near-infrared spectroscopy monitoring for prevention of brain injury in very preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011506.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=very&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=spectroscopi&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=infrar&highlightAbstract=infrared&highlightAbstract=monitor&highlightAbstract=injuri&highlightAbstract=monitoring&highlightAbstract=brain&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=veri&highlightAbstract=cerebr&highlightAbstract=spectroscopy&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=injury&highlightAbstract=near&highlightAbstract=prevention&highlightAbstract=cerebral) * [Early planned removal versus expectant management of peripherally inserted central catheters to prevent infection in newborn infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD012141.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=infection&highlightAbstract=insert&highlightAbstract=planned&highlightAbstract=peripher&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=inserted&highlightAbstract=central&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=peripherally&highlightAbstract=catheters&highlightAbstract=plan&highlightAbstract=early&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=expectant&highlightAbstract=newborn&highlightAbstract=manag&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=earli&highlightAbstract=expect&highlightAbstract=management&highlightAbstract=remov&highlightAbstract=removal&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=cathet&highlightAbstract=infect) * [Fluid supplementation for neonatal unconjugated hyperbilirubinaemia](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011891.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=hyperbilirubinaemi&highlightAbstract=unconjug&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=supplement&highlightAbstract=hyperbilirubinaemia&highlightAbstract=supplementation&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=neonatal&highlightAbstract=fluid&highlightAbstract=hyperbilirubinamia&highlightAbstract=unconjugated) * [High versus standard volume enteral feeds to promote growth in preterm or low birth weight infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD012413.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=standard&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=volume&highlightAbstract=feed&highlightAbstract=promote&highlightAbstract=high&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=feeds&highlightAbstract=volum&highlightAbstract=growth&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=enter&highlightAbstract=promot&highlightAbstract=enteral) * [Higher versus lower amino acid intake in parenteral nutrition for newborn infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD005949.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=intak&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=lower&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=newborn&highlightAbstract=nutrit&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=acid&highlightAbstract=parenteral&highlightAbstract=nutrition&highlightAbstract=amino&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=parenter&highlightAbstract=amin&highlightAbstract=intake&highlightAbstract=higher) * [Mesenchymal stem cells for the prevention and treatment of bronchopulmonary dysplasia in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011932.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=treatment&highlightAbstract=mesenchym&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonary&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=cell&highlightAbstract=dysplasia&highlightAbstract=the&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=cells&highlightAbstract=mesenchymal&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonari&highlightAbstract=dysplasi&highlightAbstract=prevention&highlightAbstract=stem) * [Neonatal interventions for preventing cerebral palsy: an overview of Cochrane Systematic Reviews](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD012409.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=overview&highlightAbstract=preventing&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=neonatal&highlightAbstract=palsi&highlightAbstract=systemat&highlightAbstract=systematic&highlightAbstract=intervent&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=cochrane&highlightAbstract=cerebr&highlightAbstract=interventions&highlightAbstract=reviews&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=review&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=cochran&highlightAbstract=palsy&highlightAbstract=cerebral) * [Neurally adjusted ventilatory assist compared to other forms of triggered ventilation for neonatal respiratory support](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD012251.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=other&highlightAbstract=triggered&highlightAbstract=neural&highlightAbstract=ventil&highlightAbstract=ventilation&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=neonatal&highlightAbstract=ventilatory&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=respiratory&highlightAbstract=compared&highlightAbstract=ventilatori&highlightAbstract=adjusted&highlightAbstract=trigger&highlightAbstract=respiratori&highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=form&highlightAbstract=adjust&highlightAbstract=assist&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=neurally&highlightAbstract=support&highlightAbstract=forms&highlightAbstract=compar) * [Oropharyngeal colostrum in preventing mortality and morbidity in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011921/full?highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=preventing&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=oropharyngeal&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=oropharyng&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=colostrum&highlightAbstract=mortality&highlightAbstract=morbidity&highlightAbstract=morbid&highlightAbstract=mortal) * [Prophylactic intravenous calcium therapy for exchange blood transfusion in the newborn](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011048.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=prophylactic&highlightAbstract=calcium&highlightAbstract=transfus&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=therapy&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=transfusion&highlightAbstract=newborn&highlightAbstract=blood&highlightAbstract=intraven&highlightAbstract=prophylact&highlightAbstract=the&highlightAbstract=intravenous&highlightAbstract=therapi&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=exchange&highlightAbstract=exchang) * [Prophylactic vitamin K for the prevention of vitamin K deficiency bleeding in preterm neonates](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD008342.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=prophylactic&highlightAbstract=bleeding&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=defici&highlightAbstract=neonates&highlightAbstract=k&highlightAbstract=bleed&highlightAbstract=vitamin&highlightAbstract=the&highlightAbstract=prophylact&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=deficiency&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=prevention) * [Prostaglandin E1 for maintaining ductal patency in neonates with ductal-dependent cardiac lesions](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011417.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=depend&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=prostaglandin&highlightAbstract=lesions&highlightAbstract=maintain&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=ductal&highlightAbstract=neonates&highlightAbstract=e1&highlightAbstract=maintaining&highlightAbstract=patency&highlightAbstract=with&highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=dependant&highlightAbstract=patenc&highlightAbstract=dependent&highlightAbstract=lesion&highlightAbstract=cardiac) * [Protein hydrolysate versus standard formula for preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD012412.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=standard&highlightAbstract=hydrolysate&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=formul&highlightAbstract=formulas&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=hydrolyzate&highlightAbstract=formulae&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=hydrolyz&highlightAbstract=protein&highlightAbstract=hydrolysat&highlightAbstract=formula&highlightAbstract=hydrolys) * [Provision of respiratory support compared to no respiratory support before cord clamping for preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD012491.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=no&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=before&highlightAbstract=clamping&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=provis&highlightAbstract=respiratori&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=cord&highlightAbstract=befor&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=provision&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=respiratory&highlightAbstract=support&highlightAbstract=clamp&highlightAbstract=compared&highlightAbstract=compar) * [Pulse oximetry screening for critical congenital heart defects](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD011912.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=congenit&highlightAbstract=screening&highlightAbstract=critical&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=oximetry&highlightAbstract=screen&highlightAbstract=congenital&highlightAbstract=heart&highlightAbstract=defect&highlightAbstract=critic&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=defects&highlightAbstract=puls&highlightAbstract=pulse&highlightAbstract=oximetri) * [Xenon as an adjuvant to therapeutic hypothermia in near-term and term newborns with hypoxic-ischaemic encephalopathy](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD012753.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=hypoxic&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=newborns&highlightAbstract=xenon&highlightAbstract=ischamic&highlightAbstract=newborn&highlightAbstract=hypothermi&highlightAbstract=encephalopathy&highlightAbstract=adjuv&highlightAbstract=therapeutic&highlightAbstract=with&highlightAbstract=ischemic&highlightAbstract=therapeut&highlightAbstract=as&highlightAbstract=ischaemic&highlightAbstract=hypothermia&highlightAbstract=adjuvant&highlightAbstract=ischaem&highlightAbstract=ischem&highlightAbstract=term&highlightAbstract=hypox&highlightAbstract=near&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=encephalopathi)   **Review updates**   * [Anti-vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) drugs for treatment of retinopathy of prematurity](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD009734.pub3/full?highlightAbstract=treatment&highlightAbstract=prematurity&highlightAbstract=drugs&highlightAbstract=retinopathi&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=prematur&highlightAbstract=vascular&highlightAbstract=anti&highlightAbstract=drug&highlightAbstract=retinopathy&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=endothelial&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=endotheli&highlightAbstract=vegf&highlightAbstract=growth&highlightAbstract=factor) * [Carbohydrate supplementation of human milk to promote growth in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD000280.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=carbohydrat&highlightAbstract=milk&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=supplementation&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=carbohydrate&highlightAbstract=promote&highlightAbstract=supplement&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=carbohydr&highlightAbstract=growth&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=promot&highlightAbstract=human) * [Early (< 8 days) systemic postnatal corticosteroids for prevention of bronchopulmonary dysplasia in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD001146.pub5/full?highlightAbstract=postnatal&highlightAbstract=systemic&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonary&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=earli&highlightAbstract=postnat&highlightAbstract=dysplasia&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=system&highlightAbstract=corticosteroids&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=8&highlightAbstract=corticosteroid&highlightAbstract=days&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonari&highlightAbstract=dysplasi&highlightAbstract=day&highlightAbstract=prevention&highlightAbstract=early) * [Early erythropoiesis-stimulating agents in preterm or low birth weight infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD004863.pub5/full?highlightAbstract=agent&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=stimul&highlightAbstract=earli&highlightAbstract=agents&highlightAbstract=erythropoiesi&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=stimulating&highlightAbstract=erythropoiesis&highlightAbstract=early) * [Fat supplementation of human milk for promoting growth in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD000341.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=promoting&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=milk&highlightAbstract=supplementation&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=supplement&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=fat&highlightAbstract=growth&highlightAbstract=promot&highlightAbstract=human) * [Feed thickener for infants up to six months of age with gastro-oesophageal reflux](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD003211.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=six&highlightAbstract=months&highlightAbstract=thicken&highlightAbstract=gastro&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=gastr&highlightAbstract=feed&highlightAbstract=with&highlightAbstract=upped&highlightAbstract=month&highlightAbstract=oesophag&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=osophageal&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=reflux&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=up&highlightAbstract=oesophageal&highlightAbstract=thickener&highlightAbstract=age) * [Formula versus donor breast milk for feeding preterm or low birth weight infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD002971.pub4/full?highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=formul&highlightAbstract=formulas&highlightAbstract=milk&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=feed&highlightAbstract=donor&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=formulae&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=feeding&highlightAbstract=formula&highlightAbstract=breast) * [Immunoglobulin for alloimmune hemolytic disease in neonates](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD003313.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=disease&highlightAbstract=immunoglobulin&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=haemolytic&highlightAbstract=alloimmun&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=neonates&highlightAbstract=diseas&highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=alloimmune&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=hemolytic&highlightAbstract=haemolyt&highlightAbstract=hemolyt) * [Inhaled versus systemic corticosteroids for preventing bronchopulmonary dysplasia in ventilated very low birth weight preterm neonates](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD002058.pub3/full?highlightAbstract=systemic&highlightAbstract=very&highlightAbstract=ventil&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=neonates&highlightAbstract=ventilated&highlightAbstract=dysplasia&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=veri&highlightAbstract=corticosteroids&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=corticosteroid&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonari&highlightAbstract=dysplasi&highlightAbstract=preventing&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=inhaled&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonary&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=system&highlightAbstract=inhal) * [Inhaled versus systemic corticosteroids for the treatment of bronchopulmonary dysplasia in ventilated very low birth weight preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD002057.pub4/full?highlightAbstract=treatment&highlightAbstract=systemic&highlightAbstract=very&highlightAbstract=ventil&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=ventilated&highlightAbstract=dysplasia&highlightAbstract=veri&highlightAbstract=corticosteroids&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=corticosteroid&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonari&highlightAbstract=dysplasi&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=inhaled&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonary&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=the&highlightAbstract=system&highlightAbstract=inhal) * [Interventions to prevent hypothermia at birth in preterm and/or low birth weight infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD004210.pub5/full?highlightAbstract=or&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=hypothermi&highlightAbstract=intervent&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=interventions&highlightAbstract=hypothermia&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=and&highlightAbstract=to) * [Laryngeal mask airway versus bag-mask ventilation or endotracheal intubation for neonatal resuscitation](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD003314.pub3/full?highlightAbstract=laryng&highlightAbstract=airway&highlightAbstract=ventil&highlightAbstract=endotrach&highlightAbstract=ventilation&highlightAbstract=intub&highlightAbstract=neonatal&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=intubation&highlightAbstract=bag&highlightAbstract=laryngeal&highlightAbstract=endotracheal&highlightAbstract=versus&highlightAbstract=resuscit&highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=resuscitation&highlightAbstract=mask) * [Late (> 7 days) systemic postnatal corticosteroids for prevention of bronchopulmonary dysplasia in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD001145.pub4/full?highlightAbstract=postnatal&highlightAbstract=systemic&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonary&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=postnat&highlightAbstract=dysplasia&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=system&highlightAbstract=late&highlightAbstract=corticosteroids&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=7&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=corticosteroid&highlightAbstract=days&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonari&highlightAbstract=dysplasi&highlightAbstract=day&highlightAbstract=prevention) * [Late (≥ 7 days) inhalation corticosteroids to reduce bronchopulmonary dysplasia in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD002311.pub4/full?highlightAbstract=reduce&highlightAbstract=a&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonary&highlightAbstract=reduc&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=dysplasia&highlightAbstract=inhalation&highlightAbstract=late&highlightAbstract=corticosteroids&highlightAbstract=inhal&highlightAbstract=7&highlightAbstract=corticosteroid&highlightAbstract=days&highlightAbstract=bronchopulmonari&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=dysplasi&highlightAbstract=day) * [Paracetamol (acetaminophen) for patent ductus arteriosus in preterm or low birth weight infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD010061.pub3/full?highlightAbstract=patent&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=ductus&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=acetaminophen&highlightAbstract=arteriosus&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=paracetamol) * [Protein supplementation of human milk for promoting growth in preterm infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD000433.pub2/full?highlightAbstract=promoting&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=preterm&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=milk&highlightAbstract=supplementation&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=supplement&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=protein&highlightAbstract=growth&highlightAbstract=promot&highlightAbstract=human) * [Sildenafil for pulmonary hypertension in neonates](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD005494.pub4/full?highlightAbstract=neonat&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=four&highlightAbstract=for&highlightAbstract=pulmonari&highlightAbstract=pulmonary&highlightAbstract=hypertens&highlightAbstract=neonates&highlightAbstract=hypertension&highlightAbstract=sildenafil) * [Slow advancement of enteral feed volumes to prevent necrotising enterocolitis in very low birth weight infants](https://www.cochranelibrary.com/cdsr/doi/10.1002/14651858.CD001241.pub7/full?highlightAbstract=very&highlightAbstract=infant&highlightAbstract=enterocolitis&highlightAbstract=prevent&highlightAbstract=veri&highlightAbstract=low&highlightAbstract=of&highlightAbstract=volum&highlightAbstract=enter&highlightAbstract=enteral&highlightAbstract=infants&highlightAbstract=in&highlightAbstract=necrotizing&highlightAbstract=volumes&highlightAbstract=weight&highlightAbstract=birth&highlightAbstract=enterocol&highlightAbstract=feed&highlightAbstract=necrotising&highlightAbstract=advancement&highlightAbstract=slow&highlightAbstract=necrotis&highlightAbstract=necrot&highlightAbstract=to&highlightAbstract=advanc) * [Videolaryngoscopy versus direct laryngoscopy for tracheal intubation in 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